

ANNUAL REPORT

2017-18

PRINCE ART & RURAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETY

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From Secretary Desk

This is a real pleasure to present the annual account of progress for the year 2017-18 with you.

I feel extremely happy to let everyone know that the Prince Art & Rural development Society (PARDS) has completed 18 year of inception. This is called an '**adolescent**' age. One has to be very careful in looking after the creation in this age group. Similarly, we have to be very careful as the opportunities of obtaining funding for running voluntary organizations is lessening day-by-day. Preparation of Annual Report is in fact a review of the work done, achievements made and learning obtained during the reported period. Sharing of the report with likeminded is full of joy. During this year, thrust on Water & Sanitation activities accomplished.

Consistent efforts have been made at all levels to achieve the targeted goal of the organization. The activities essentially comprised of awareness raising, social action, empowerment of women and in the field of agriculture development, etc.

Prince Art & Rural Development Society had been constantly making efforts for the past few years to achieve the goal of securing Food Security and sustainable development in rural economy through Natural Resource Management and Livelihood Program. We also facilitated the promotion of women self-help groups to ensure their active and significant participation in decision making process for complete social transformation.

Prince Art & Rural Development Society cannot ignore the co-operation of the community as partners of development. Efforts of the colleagues of the organization also cannot be forgotten who kept on working without considering the problems they faced in the field.

Guidance of senior social workers and other likeminded people has been very helpful for us while trying to put the ideas into practice.

We had also made sincere efforts capacity building and development of human resources in order to faithfully discharge the commitment and to achieve the set objectives of Prince Art & Rural Development Society

May 31, 2018

**SUDHIR KUMAR
SECRETARY**

Profile of Prince Art & Rural development Society

Name of the organization	PRINCE ART AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETY-PARDS
Year of establishment	2000 in undivided Bihar and 2006 in Jharkhand
Address: Registered Office:	Cinema Road, At & P.O. Raj Dhanwar, District- Giridih, State- Jharkhand, PIN Code-825 412 India
Co-ordination office at the District Head Quarters at Giridih:	At- Buxidih Road, Post & Dist-Giridih, Jharkhand, PIN Code- 815 301
Co-ordination office at the District Head Quarters at Dhanbad:	HIG-60, Housing Colony, Dhanbad
Phones:	
Registered Office at Raj Dhanwar	Landline : 91-06554-235946 Cell phone: 099341 34710
E-mail ID	sudhirpards@gmail.com
Website	www.pards.in
Name and designation of the Chief functionary	Sudhir Kumar, Secretary
Legal status of the organization	A Registered Society under the Societies Registration Act XXI of 1860
Registration No. & date of registration under the Societies registration Act XXI of 1860	No.1103/1999-2000 in undivided Bihar bearing Registration No. 463/2006-07 on 03.11.2006 in Jharkhand.
Income tax for exemption	(i) 12 A registration No. CIT/DHN/Tech/12-A28/2006-07, date of registration 22.03.2007 (ii) 80 G registration No.CIT/DHN/Tech/80G-28/06-07 date of registration:22.03.2007
Permanent Account No. (PAN)	AAATP9913H
TAN	RCHP01285E

FCRA No. & date of registration	No. 337730026 under MoH, date of registration 25.07.2011
Our Bankers	<p>General A/c. no. Bank of India, Giridih</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AXIS BANK LTD.,GIRIDIH BRANCH, A/C NO.- 635010100024888 • AXIS BANK LTD.,CITY CENTRE BRANCH, DHANBAD, A/C NO.- 913010030478394 • FCRA A/c No.- 337730026, BANK OF INDIA GIRIDIH BRANCH, A/c. no. 22378
Auditor	M/S P.K. Dutta & Associates, Chartered Accountant Makatpur Road, Giridih, Jharkhand
Funding partners during the year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNICEF, Ranchi • LIC India, Hazaribagh • NABARD, Ranchi • DRDA, Giridih

VISION:

Establishment of a self-governed society with the help of local community, which could help others to lead a respectful life in the atmosphere of exploitation free, gender unbiased and free from feelings of caste, creed and religion.

MISSION

Empowerment of the lowest strata of the society by involving individuals, community, intellectuals and all others who believe in it.

Objectives

- ✓ *To train women and men from village to act as volunteers and catalyst for development of the village and community.*
- ✓ *To train village youth who may become builders of their village and creator of their own culture and history.*
- ✓ *To cooperate with the development activities of the Govt. and other agencies so that all the efforts may, without any duplication and complication, serve the cause of the target people.*
- ✓ *To carry out research and documentation as well as dissemination of relevant information for improving and sustaining the development process as networking service.*

Background

In the year 1999, a group of educated unemployed youth met together and shared their dreams among each other. This process continued for several months. Finally it was unanimously resolved that why not they should try to create formal group where more like minded youth could come and join. Sports and cultural activities were decided to take up to start with and to influence the rural youth. In the due course of time the group decided to take up social issues to solve.

Later on, the group was extended and there was concentration of few members on organizing rural youth, women and farmers. Awareness generation activities were also taken up on regular basis. Then the group was formally registered as society under the Societies Registration Act XXI of 1860 in the name of PRINCE ART & RURAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETY in the year 2000.

The organization has been involved to implement different Government development programs such as Environment promotion, Sanitation etc. The organization has been working for the unorganized, deprived, disadvantaged and economically/ socially backward people in its project area. SHGs, CBOs, Youth Clubs, Children Clubs are being promoted by Prince Art & Rural Development Society. Number of women SHGs has been formed and promoted for socio-economic transformation of the villages.

It has been supported activities like natural resource management, land and agriculture promotion, income generation activities, vocational training, water and sanitation activities, education and strengthening people's organization. The child and women rights are the cross cutting issues of the organization.

The inter-personal relation at community, organization and government level developed and maintained by the functionaries of the organization has been fruitful so far. There is no incongruity on the fact that the government systems work at their own pace but patience and good relation maintained and visibility of developmental works done in good spirit can help in addressing social issues.

The experience of the organization is that, our organization has been implemented several development activities with special reference to water and sanitation e.g. (i) Water Conservation & Land Development Scheme under MADA prototype scheme at Giridih; (ii) Society is engaged in various activities like Total Sanitation Campaign in 2 blocks of Giridih District; (iii) Advocacy and awareness Campaign on Sanitation and WASH issues in Giridih; (iv) Maintaining Block Resource Center (BRC) of Department of Drinking Water & Sanitation, in all Eight Blocks of Dhanbad district.

Further, the organization was an active partner of the WASH campaign in Giridih. Training and motivational program was conducted followed by installing Low-Cost Household Toilet construction in the villages of BPL families. Declaration „NIRMAL PANCHAYAT“ in Dhanwar block of Giridih district is the outcome of the efforts of PARDS only. Motivational and awareness camps were also conducted by the organization for the ICDS workers has been working in the field. Motivation of common people including the BPL community to adopt Low-Cost Sanitary Latrine for their better health is being done. This work is being carried out in Dhanwar block of Giridih district. More than 15000 households have been adopted Sanitary Latrine facilities so far for which the organization was also awarded by the Deputy Commissioner of the Giridih district for the excellent performance in the field of sanitation, hygiene and water issues. The organization has been actively involved in implementation of the activities of the Total Sanitation Campaign in the district since last seven years. For such noble work in the year 2008 Honorable President of India, Mrs. Pratibha Devi Singh Patil, awarded in the “Nirmal Gram Puraskar” to Prince Art and Rural Development Society.

The organization has also been working with Unicef as a „Resource pool of communication experts to facilitate community owned Sanitation efforts in Giridih district of Jharkhand. So our organization has extensive experience in working with Grassroots organizations, Govt. Departments, other Donor agencies including UNICEF too.

Focus Area:

- Water and Sanitation
- SHG promotion and Women Empowerment
- Livelihood Promotion, Skill Training and Food Security
- Land Water Management and Agriculture Promotion

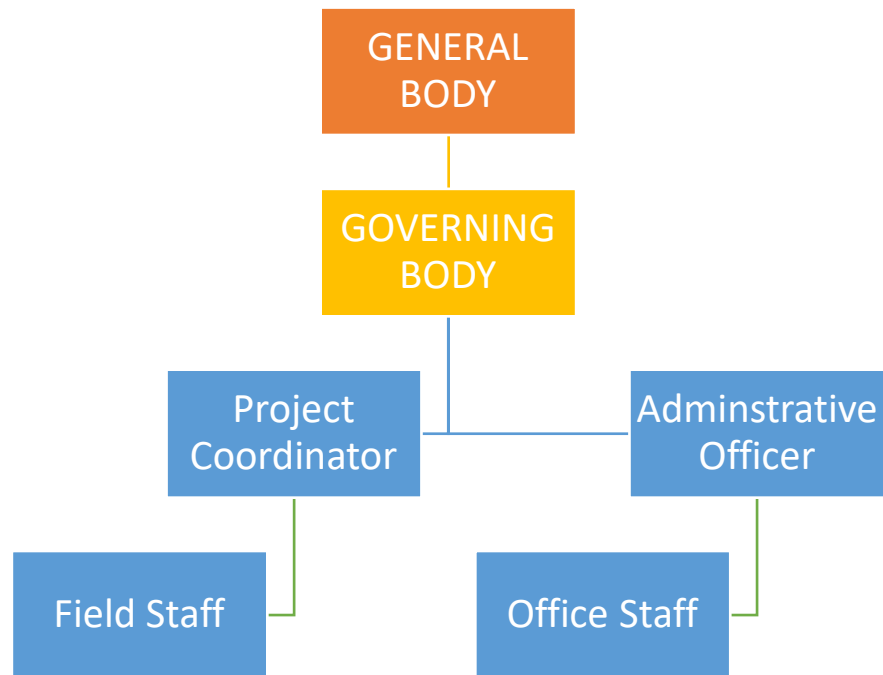
Target Area:

- Giridih district
- Dhanbad district
- Bokaro district

Target Group:

- ▯ Schedule Tribe
- ▯ Schedule Caste
- ▯ Backward Caste
- ▯ Vulnerable People

ORGANOGRAM of PARDS



Present Key Activities of the Organization:

- Magic Show for behavioral change and communication;
- Street Play/ Nukad Natak for behavioral change and communication;
- Base Line Survey Activity
- Micro Insurance through L.I.C, Extending services in order to protect life risks for the poor and marginal people under Micro Insurance Scheme of the LIC continued.
- Mason Training under Swach Bharat Mission (Gramin);
- Wall Writing under Swach Bharat Mission (Gramin);
- Resource pool of communication experts to facilitate community owned Sanitation efforts in Giridih supported by UNICEF
- Scaling up of the activities related to CATs under Swachhh Bharat Mission-SBM in the rural areas of Giridih, Ramgarha and Dhanbad districts.area districts.
- Capacity Building of Local Leaders
- Celebration of World Toilet Day
- Voter Awareness Program
- Gram Sabha Sensitization;
- Awareness Programme at School level;
- Sanitation Rally;
- Workshop for Capacity Building of Jal Sahiya;
- Block Level Workshop of Toilet construction with MGNREGA Convergence;
- Sanitation awareness supported by DW&S ;
- WSHG Promotion, Women Self Help Groups are being promoted through Formation, Saving Linkages and Credit Linkages supported by NABARD, Hazaribag;
- Implementation of NRLM Activities
- Conducted training programme in TRIGGERING to the community members in Dhanbad,Ramgarha and Giridih districts.
- Organized CHAUPAL at Panchayat, block and district levels in Dhanbad, Ramgarh and Giridih districts to aware the rural mass in sanitation and water.
- Organized training for the ANMs and Anganwadi workers in Dhanbad, Ramgarh and Giridih districts.
- Imparted training to school teachers and JAL SAHIYA in Dhanbad, Ramgarha and Giridih districts.
- Organized meeting in villages to make the mass aware of the sanitation.

- Conducted awareness programme for the school children in the schools situated in Dhanbad, Ramgarh and Giridih districts.
- Imparted training to the Jal Sahiyas and teachers in maintaining books of accounts/documentation.
- Organized Street Dramas, Magic show, wall writings and Video show on the issues of water and sanitation.
- Orientation and refresher training to the masons and masonry workers in constructing low cost sanitary units.
- Motivation and orientation of the rural women from among the groups in constructing toilets and their utilization as well as maintenance.
- Training of rural children for taking up follow-up rallies to aware the villagers towards sanitary behaviors.

Activities in Brief

WATSAN Program

Prince Art & Rural Development Society has big contribution in Sanitation promotion in its target area. PARDS are an active partner of the WASH campaign. Training and motivational program was conducted followed by installing low cost household latrine in villages for APL/BPL families. Motivational and awareness camps were also conducted by the organization or the ICDS workers living in field also. Motivation of common mass including the BPL community to adopt low cost sanitary latrine for their better health is being done.

a) Street Play

PARDS have been organized street play in all Eight Blocks in Dhanbad District. This Street play was played at Rural Market, Village Haat, and Near School through Kala Jatha. In this play villager were aware on Disease of Un-hygienic situation, Water born Disease etc. Through this Street play organization has been focused illiterate villager {male & Female} and those who had not involved in sanitation campaign.

Details of Street Play conducted in Giridih & Dhanbad District.

Sl No.	District	Block	Number of Street Play Conducted
1.	Giridih	Giridih	0
2.		Bengabad	43
3.		Tisri	28
4.		Deori	42
5.		Jamua	8
6.		Gandey	19
7.		Raj Dhanwar	28
8.		Gawan	27
9.		Suriya	15
10.		Dumri	5
11.		Bagodar	37
		Total	252
1.	Dhanbad	Dhanbad	38
2.		Baghmara	24
		Total	62

b) School Rally

PARDS has organized School sanitation rally in Bengabad, Deori, Jamua & Gandey Blocks of Giridih District. This Rally was organized by School Children & Villagers of respective villages with financial support of Department of water & sanitation, Giridih. This rally was conducted for awareness on use of Toilets, Safe Drinking water, Disposal of home based waste etc. and main issue of total sanitation Campaign.

Details of School Rally

Sl no	District	Block	Number of School Rally conducted
1.	Giridih	Bengabad	21
2.		Deori	18
3.		Jamua	2
4.		Gandey	9
		Total	50

c) Hand Washing Program

PARDS Conducted 248 hand washing Campaigns in Some Blocks of Giridih District. The participants were all the school going children and children from the villages and they were informed many diseases occur due to not washing hands properly. The methodology of washing hands was taught. All the teachers and 2 resources persons from PARDS were there.

Sl No.	District	Block	Number of Street Play Conducted
1.	Giridih	Giridih	0
2.		Bengabad	43
3.		Tisri	28
4.		Deori	38
5.		Jamua	8
6.		Gandey	19
7.		Raj Dhanwar	28
8.		Gawan	27
9.		Suriya	15
10.		Dumri	5
11.		Bagodar	37
		Total	248

For general village sanitation, a sub committee was formed at hamlet level for keeping the village environment clean with full participation of the beneficiaries and facilitated by Prince Art & Rural Development Society. Several village sanitation Campaigns were organized in which the people themselves cleaned the village under the guidance of a facilitator from Prince Art & Rural Development Society.

As stated earlier the VWSCs met fortnightly where the facilitators of Prince Art & Rural Development Society tried to disseminate information to the local people on the following subjects:

- I. Basic knowledge and information on general cleanliness and sanitation
- II. Information about the necessity of using toilets and the method of construction and proper use of toilets.
- III. Role of safe drinking water for human health
- IV. 6 important facts and also the need of washing of hands. The disadvantage of not washing hands before meals.
- V. Information regarding utilization of waste/surplus water/used water for kitchen gardening and /or directing it to flow into a soak pit.
- VI. Preparation and use of ORS and SSS.

The VWSE and Sub Committees Constituted were motivated to bear the responsibilities of undertaking monitoring activities under the project and Prince Art & Rural Development Society gives them adequate guidance.

Schools Children meetings (School Teachers Training on Health and Hygiene)

There were altogether teaching institutions in the Dhanbad District. These included formal schools, Angwadis. Teachers in such institution have a very vital role to play in building a sound and effective environment for better health and hygiene by imbibing the concept of good health and hygiene among the pupils of these institutions, who in turn are to become the building blocks of tomorrow's healthy nation. As such these teachers, who had only a superficial knowledge of sound hygienic practices, needed to be trained in this. Two teachers from each of these education centers were selected and were given detail information and knowledge about what is to be done and what is not to be done to create a lasting impression on the children regarding proper hygienic behavior. During the training, necessary IEC materials also used.

Magic Show

Some magic show titled 'Magic for Swachh Bharat' by a magician was organized under swachh bharat mission (G) by PARDS Team different areas of Giridih District. The thought of cleanliness must become an action. This way it should be inherent in every ones minds, he said.

The future of India is in the hands of the children. The dream of a beautiful and clean India must be sowed within the children from childhood itself. This way, the dream of a clean India must be realized, he wished. Keep the country clean.

Resource person said that the students are the future of India is in the hands of the students and by maintaining cleanliness in their houses and minds; they will clean the society and thereby clean the country. To create awareness on cleanliness drive among children, PARDS completed more than 150 shows in schools across Giridih district in three months.

Details of Magic show

Sl No	District	Block	Number of Program Conducted
1.	Giridih	Raj Dhanwar	15
2.		Gawan	15
3.		Suriya	15
4.		Dumri	15
5.		Bagodar	15
6.		Bengabad	15
7.		Tisri	15
8.		Deori	15
9.		Jamua	15
10.		Gandey	15
		Total	150

Wall Writing

For Awareness on the various issues of women & children, PARDS carried wall-writing in project areas, highlight the issues & need for Water, Sanitation & Hygiene. As people can see & read these walls writing very frequently they lay impacts on them and now the villagers seriously think on these issues & BCC had its lasting impact on villagers on IEC.

Training of masons:

With a view to facilitating quicker implementation of activities regarding platform construction around hand pumps and installation of low cost toilets group of young men were imparted training as masons in two batches separately. This training was facilitated by Specialized Trainer by deputing two specialists in masonry work. The training included theoretical as well as practical aspects and continued for full three days. Stress was laid on practical that helped them. These trained masons were engaged in construction of latrines and HP platforms.

Scaling up CATS in Jharkhand

Development Communication plays a very important role in making community realize the benefits accruing from investing in right practices for sanitation keeping in mind the barriers and variables related to infrastructure, socio-cultural traditions and beliefs. The task becomes much easier if immediate tangible benefit is being offered to the audiences and the communication is expected to be effective enough to surpass all kind of barriers.

Community Approach to Total Sanitation (CATS) is an approach to achieve sustained behavior change in mainly rural people by a process of "triggering" leading to spontaneous and long-term abandonment of open defecation practices. The concept involves provoking shame and disgust about poor sanitation in order to bring about change.

Government of Jharkhand is committed to provide technical and financial support to VWSCs to construct IHHLs. UNICEF is working closely with Drinking Water and Sanitation Department, Government of Jharkhand, for developing replicable models of sustainable and community owned sanitation models.

Ending open defecation is critical to the success of the ambitious mission launched by our present government. But simply building toilets, which the program seems to largely focus on, is unlikely to yield the desired outcome. We have to encourage people to use these. There should be a drive to change the

behaviour and attitude of the communities. In the present situation there is a huge awareness in the rural areas for construction of IHHL but the sad part is that it is basically considered because “grandma is getting old and cannot move out easily or because a new daughter-in-law is home”.

We have learnt from our experiences that there are many hidden trigger points among the community which once identified and pushed can lead to development of a community driven sanitation model. This collaboration is to develop a team of experts in communication who will work directly with community and trigger them for taking the lead in sanitation. This team will focus in Giridih and Dhanbad districts.

The purpose of collaboration will be instrumental for collective behavior change in district. It's also aligned with UNICEF's global strategy for improving sanitation behavior. The project will reinforce on community owned sanitation program in targeted panchyats. The project will be able to create natural leaders for sanitation in panchayat, which will be important for making the efforts sustainable.

The achievement of ODF involves working on behavior change to a great extent, sustenance of which requires concerted efforts by the community. The following are indicative means to achieve sustainability, and States may adopt other measures as deemed suitable.

- i) Natural leaders training and capacity building will be a key aspect to sustain sanitation activities and use of IHHLs in the respective villages after withdrawal of our team.
- ii) Nigrani Samities/ Monitoring committees formed in the villages. They will take community action to sustain ODF status
- iii) Strengthening of VWSCs/PRI members and SHG members will also be a step to in the direction of sustaining efforts.

Triggering CLTS in places where people defecate in open water

In places where people defecate in the water (rivers, lakes, backwaters, etc.) there will be less visual impact of doing a transect walk. However, you will find that community members use that water for bathing and washing out their mouth. In this situation you could ask for a bucket of water, and ask if people would wash their mouth with that water? They will say yes. Now calculate the daily addition of faeces by all households in the community. Also ask how many other communities might be defecating in the same water (e.g. further upstream or around a lake). After this calculation ask them to wash their face and mouth and gurgle with that water. Probably no one will agree to do that. Ask why they refuse if they have been using the water both for shitting and for washing up to now.

IEC Material distribution

IEC material on health and hygiene with particular reference to water and sanitation were distributed among the schools and community for generating full awareness on sanitation and hygiene requirement. The IEC materials included all types of leaflets and bulletins obtained from concerned departments of the district administration. Distribution of IEC materials along with other health related activities has had a very lasting impact on hygienic behavior of the rural communities as well as the school children. The impact was manifested in their changed outlook towards normal health practices like washing of hands before meals, keeping their houses and living environment as clean as possible, keeping their food materials –raw & cooked –covered and as far as practicable, keeping drinking water at a safer distance away from their cattle and also keeping it covered to protect it from external contamination.

Community Cum Gram Sabha Meeting:

This Meeting was arranged for representatives of PRIs, Bank officials, PHC staff and ANMs specially ICDSs ANMs. The trainees were given elaborative information on the BRC Programmes, and the roles and responsibilities of the participants in the proving the health and hygiene status of the rural poor masses. As the roles and consequently the subjects of trainings to be covered depended upon the nature of the audience eg. Health staff, Bank officials etc. their roles differed with respect to BRC programme. Health staff like ANMs; PHC staff had a different role to play than the roles of Bank official. Similarly People's representatives (Gram Sabha members) were at the receiving end; hence their roles were entirely different hence the topics were suitably modified/changed as per the training requirement.

However, general concepts of health & hygiene in context of water, sanitation and hygiene were common to all groups.

Micro Insurance Scheme

PARDS are involved in Micro-Insurance with LIC for poor & downtrodden families.

Prince Art & Rural Development Society is identified as a potential agent by the LIC to moderate the policy of JANSHREE BIMA YOJNA among low income group families. On the basis of the previous year's performance the LIC has awarded to the organization from best agent and performer.

During the reported period Prince Art and Rural Development Society provided the facility of micro insurance under the scheme of JEEVAN MADHUR & JEEVAN MANGAL to **5163** low income individuals living in Giridih & Dhanbad district.

JEEVAN MADHUR is a simple savings related life insurance plan where you may pay premiums regularly at weekly, fortnightly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly intervals over the term of the policy.

LIC's Jeevan Mangal is a term assurance plan with return of premiums on maturity, where you may pay the premiums either in lump sum or regularly at Yearly, Half Yearly, Quarterly, Monthly, fortnightly or weekly intervals over the term of the policy.

The efforts of the organization are being admired by the people of the area. There are instance of quick settlement of claims.

The objective of the JANSHREE BIMA YOJNA scheme is to provide life insurance protection to the rural and urban poor persons below poverty line and marginally above the poverty line.

During the reported period Prince Art and Rural Development Society provided the facility of micro insurance under the scheme of JANSHREE BIMA YOJNA to 150 individuals living in of Giridih & Dhanbad district.

The efforts of the organization are being admired by the people of the area. There are instance of quick settlement of claims.

Formation and Strengthening of community based organization:

PARDS has been systematically involving women in technology training, demonstration, exposure visits, planning and implementation of various livelihood projects. The women are also organized into functional groups around agriculture to sustain linkages and income gains in the long run.

National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM) Implementation

PARDS are assigned for to implement NRLM activities in the Non-Intensive blocks of Giridih District through DRDA, Giridih.

The core belief of National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM) is that the poor have a strong desire and innate capabilities to come out of poverty. They are entrepreneurial. The challenge is to unleash their innate capabilities to generate meaningful livelihoods, which enable them to come out of poverty. The first step in this process is motivating them to form their own institutions. Their true potential is realized when they are provided sufficient capacities to manage the external environment and easy access to finance, and are enabled to expand their skills and assets and convert them into meaningful livelihoods. This requires continuous handholding support by their institutions. An external dedicated, sensitive support structure, from

the national level to the sub-district level, is required to induce such social mobilization, institution building and livelihoods promotion.

Strong institutional platforms of the poor empower the poor households and enable them to build-up their own human, social, financial and other resources. They, in turn, enable them to access their rights, entitlements and livelihoods opportunities, including services (both from the public and private sector). The social mobilization process enhances solidarity, voice and bargaining power of the poor. These processes enable them to pursue viable livelihoods based on leveraging their own resources, skills and preferences. Thus, they come out of abject poverty and do not fall back into poverty.

Towards building, supporting and sustaining livelihoods of the poor, NRLM harnesses the innate capabilities of the poor, complements them with capacities (information, knowledge, skills, tools, finance and collectivization) to deal with the rapidly changing external world. Being conscious of the livelihoods activities being varied, NRLM works on three pillars – enhancing and expanding existing livelihoods options of the poor; building skills for the job market outside; and nurturing self-employed and entrepreneurs.

Training, Capacity building and skill building: PARDS ensure that the poor are provided with the requisite skills for: managing their institutions, linking up with markets, managing their existing livelihoods, enhancing their credit absorption capacity and credit worthiness, etc.

For the development of the individual they should be adequately supported by sustainable income generation, economic deprived seriously causing the lives of the individual and his dependents. PARDS makes its attempts to sustain the human struggle for its existence. It has provided skill development training to the poor for income generation activities. The tribal areas of Giridih District mainly dependent on rain fed farming and labour employment for its livelihood options. A cautious step in this was made by the organization linking the people with the poverty alleviation programmes of the government. Supporting to this initiative under NRLM programme, Organization has build the capacity of individuals in the self help groups for income generation activities.

The trainings were provided to the people on the locally available products and have local market. The training mainly covers on lantana furniture production, papermeshi products, sisal bags etc. The lantana bush is easily available in the areas and its products have a good market in the local and outside. The training on these items provides livelihood options for the poor in the areas as well as we are providing marketing options to these products also.

Trainings were also providing on Pattal Plate, Bamboo Craft were been made from the forest products like Pattal Plate Making, Mushroom Production etc. As these raw materials been easily available in the forest areas the trainings were much helpful for the women to improve their livelihood options.

The focal areas of implementation will be as follows:-

- Social mobilization ,
- Participatory Identification of Poor
- Community Institution Building (SHGs, Village Organization, Cluster level federations)
- Capacity building of SHGs, VOs and Community cadre,
- Credit Linkage and Financial Literacy
- Micro Finance, Financial Inclusion and Micro-Investment Planning (MIP) process & Community Investment Fund (CIF) management ,
- Convergence & Partnerships ,
- Livelihoods Promotion & Marketing

Activity Photographs at a Glance













Budora Rd, Kharkharae, Jharkhand 828125, India
 Kharkharae
 Dhanbad
 India
 27°C
 81°F
 2018-08-30(Thu) 12:28(PM)



Unnamed Road, Babua Kalan, Jharkhand 828105, India
 Babua Kalan
 Dhanbad
 India
 29°C
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 2018-08-21(Tue) 01:54(PM)



Unnamed Road, Jharkhand, India
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